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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/049,316	02/08/2002	Ralph M. Steinman	7529/1F590-US1 3722	
7590 07/16/2004 Darby & Darby			EXAMINER	
			MCGAW, MICHAEL M	
805 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022-7513			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1648	
			DATE MAILED: 07/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/049,316	STEINMAN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
- The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Michael M. McGaw	1648
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was railure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. 8 133)
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ap 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Ex 	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 35 and 37-39 is/are pending in the approximate the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 35 and 37-39 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of the	epted or b) objected to by the E frawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage
Attachment/c)		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary ((PTO 442)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/5/03 and 2/8/02.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	

Art Unit: 1648

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to applicant's election filed April 12, 2004, electing to prosecute Group VI (claims 35 and 37-39). Thus, claims 35 and 37-39 are pending and under examination.

Please note that the examiner assigned to review this application has changed.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group VI in the reply filed on April 12, 2004 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that additional groups can be searched without undue burden. This is not found persuasive because each group requires a divergent search which poses an undue burden. Specifically, groups VI and VIII have divergent search requirements because group VI requires a search involving the administration of proteins and group VIII requires a search involving the administration of nucleic acids.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: In the section for the BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS on page 5, line 14, applicant has left out "4H" from the series from 4A through 4I. Additionally, Figure 8C is not described in the BRIEF DESCRIPTION section. Lastly, the descriptions for the series of figures for 4A-4I and 5A-5F refer to the spatial organization of the figures on the page. For

Art Unit: 1648

instance, on page 5, line 15 applicant refers to "[t]he left column (A-C) shows ..." The manner in which applicant has referred to the figures does not correspond to the spatial organization of the figures on the page.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 35 and 37-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wong, C. et al. in view of Khanna, R et al. (1999) and/or Khanna, R et al. (1997).

Applicant claims a method for making an EBV protective dendritic cell, which comprises contacting a human dendritic cell with EBNA-1 ex vivo.

Wong, C. et al., Induction of Primary, Human Antigen-Specific Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes In Vitro Using Dendritic Cells Pulsed with Peptides (1998) Journal of Immunotherapy, 21(1):32-40 teaches a method for making an EBV protective dendritic cell, which comprises contacting a human dendritic cell with LMP2a *ex vivo* (see page 33). Furthermore, in reference to claims 37-38, Wong teaches contacting the dendritic cell with a stimulatory cytokine and maturing cells *ex vivo* (see pg. 33, col. 2). As to claim 39, it is known in the art to mature dendritic cells in monocyte-conditioned medium. (Note that, for this technique, on pg. 33 col. 2 Wong references Romani, et al.

Art Unit: 1648

(1994) J Exp. Med. Vol. 180: 83-93 who references O'Doherty, et al. "Dendritic Cells Freshly Isolated from Human Blood Express CD4 and Mature into Typical Immunostimulatory Dendritic Cells After Culture in Monocyte-condition Medium", J. Exp. Med., vol. 178, Sep. 1993, PP. 1067-1078). Lastly, Wong showed that dendritic cells pulsed with the EBV peptide stimulated a robust memory CTL response. Wong does not teach the use of EBNA-1.

It is widely recognized that the potential target antigens for CTL recognition are limited to three predominate, latency-associated antigens EBNA1, LMP1 and LMP2, and consequently, therapeutic strategies should focus on one of these three antigens. (see Khanna R. et al., Vaccine strategies against Epstein-Barr virus-associated diseases: lessons from studies on cytotoxic T-cell-mediated immune regulation (1999) Immunological Reviews, vol. 170: 49-64 at pg. 60.(referred to as "Khanna 1999") See Khanna, R. et al. Pg. 60) (See also Rickinson AB and Kieff E. Epstein-Barr Virus In: Fields Virology, 3d Ed. 1996 p. 2436, 1st full sentence). Furthermore, it has been shown by that CTL's sensitized with EBNA-1can efficiently recognize EBV-transformed B cells (see Khanna, R. et al., Targeting Epstein-Barr virus nuclear antigen 1 (EBNA1) through the class II pathway restores immune recognition by EBNA1-specific cytotoxic T lymphocyes: evidence for HLA-DM-independent processing (1997) International Immunology, Vol. 9(10) 1537-1543 at pg 1542. (refered to as "Khanna 1997").

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to substitute EBNA-1 for LMP-2a because it is widely recognized that EBNA-1 is one of the primary latency associated antigens and that priming of CTLs by dendritic cells previously pulsed with

Art Unit: 1648

EBNA-1 antigen would be an effective strategy to generate a CTL response to EBV-transformed B cells through their expression of EBNA-1 during latency. One of ordinary skill in the art would have expected to be able to make an EBV-protective dendritic cell by substituting EBNA-1 for LMP2a because the technique for creating antigen-pulsed dendritic cells is well established and Wong et al. teaches methods for creating such cells using EBV latency-associated antigens. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael M. McGaw whose telephone number is (571) 272-2902. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel can be reached on (571) 272-0902. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thursday, June 24, 2004

MARY E. MOSHER PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800